

NEW ZEALAND

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

Vol. III.] AUCKLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1843. [No. 33.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency WILLOUGHBY SHORTLAND, Esquire, the Officer administering the Government of the Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies, and Vice Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c. Issued under the Public Seal of the Colony.

THE Creices administering the Government, do hereby advertise and proclaim that, at Eleven o'clock on Monday, the 18th day of September, 1843, the Colonial Treasurer will put up to Auction at the Treasury, the undermentioned Suburban and Country Lots, on the terms and conditions and under the provisions of an Act of Parliament, passed in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, chap. 36. entituled "An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Lands belonging to the Crown in the Australian 'Colonies."

Deposit on the purchase-money. Ten pounds per centum.

SUBURBAN FARMS

On the North Shore of the Waitemata, COUNTY OF EDEN,

Lot No. 1, containing 25 acres, 0 roods, and 10 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 2, containing 23 acres, 0 roods, and 3 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 3, containing 25 acres, 1 rood, and 36 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 4, containing 19 acres, 3 roods, and 32 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 5, containing 21 acres, 1 rood, and 5 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 6, containing 21 acres, 0 roods, and 23 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 7, containing 23 acres, 0 roods, and 33 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 8, containing 24 acres, 1 rood, and 30 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 9, containing 23 acres, 2 roods, and 28 perches, more or less.

Let No. 10, containing 18 acres, 2 roods, and 37 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 11, containing 19 acres, 3 roods, and 26 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 12, containing 21 acres, 3 roods, and 19 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 13, containing 22 acres, 2 roods, and 10 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 14, containing 19 agres, 2 roads, and 34 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 15, containing 18 acres, 2 roods, and 13 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 16, containing 19 acres, 2 roods, and 13 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 17, containing 21 acres, 3 roods, and 39 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 18, containing 10 acres, 1 rood, and 6 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 19, containing 20 acres, 3 roods, and 36 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 20, containing 22 acres, 2 roods, and 5 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 21, containing 20 acres, 1 rood, and 13 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 22, containing 19 acres, 3 roods, and 33 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 23, containing 18 acres, 0 roods, and 16 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 24, containing 27 acres, 3 roods, and 7 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 25, containing 26 acres, 0 roods, and 10 perches, more or less.

Let No. 26, containing 21 acres, 0 roods, and 35 perches, more or lesse-

Lot No. 27, containing 26 acres, 0 roods, and 5 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 28, containing 23 acres, 3 roods, and arches, more arches. 31 perches, more es

Lot No. 29, containing 20 acres, 2 roods, and 6 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 30, containing 27 acres, 1 rood, and 16 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 82, containing 20 aures, 2 toods, and 16 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 33, containing 22 acres, 3 roods, and 34 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 34, containing 22 acres, 3 roods, and 39 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 35, containing 28 acres, 3 roods, and perches, more or less.

Lot No. 36, containing 22 acres, 0 roods, and 11 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 37, containing 20 acres, 8 roods, and I perch, more or less.

Lot No. 38. containing 24 acres, 2 roods, and 28 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 39, containing 17 acres, d rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 40, containing 17 acres 1 good, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 41, containing 17 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Let No. 42, coptaining 17 eeres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 43, containing 26 acres, 0 roods, and 16 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 44, containing 28 acres, 0 roods, and 16 perches, more or less.

Let No. 45, containing 17 scree, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more of less.

Lot No. 46, containing 17 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 47, containing 17 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 48, containing 17 acres, I rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 49, containing 17 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 50, containing 17 serve, I rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 51, containing 23 acres, 0 roods, and 23 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 52, containing 23 acres, I rood, and 39 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 53, containing 17 acres, I rood, and 39 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 54, containing 33 acres, 3 roods, and 23 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 55, containing 24 acres, 2 roods, and 4 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 56, containing 23 acres, 0 roods, and 3 perches, more or less

Lot No. 57, containing 30 acres, 1 rood, and 17 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 58, containing 31 acres, 1 rood, and 4 perchas, more remaining 22 acres, 1 rood, and

10 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 60, containing 41 acres, 2 roods, and 31 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 61, containing 23 acres, 1 rood, and 20 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 62, containing 32 acres, 3 roods, and 30 percies, more or less.

Lot No. 63, containing 30 acres, 0 roods, and 16 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 64, containing 20 acres, 3 roods, and 22 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 65, centaining 16 acres, 1 rood, and 8 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 66, containing 18 seres, I rood, and 18 perches, more or leva.

Lot No. 67, containing 28 seres, I rood, and 22 perches, more or less.

Lot No. 68, containing 17 acres, 1 rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

24 perches, more or feet.

Lot No. 70, containing 17 acres, I rood, and 24 perches, more or less.

COUNTRY LOTS SITUATED ON THE RIVER WAO. COUNTY OF EDEN:

Lot No. 2, containing 103 acres, more or less Lot No. 3, containing 43 acres, moreor less. Lot No. 4, containing 64 acres, more or less. Lot No. 5, containing 67 acres, more or less. Lot No. 6, containing 80 acres, more or less. Lot No. 7, containing 140 sores, more or less.

> Given under my Hand, and issued under the Public Seal of the Colony, at Government House, Auckland, this fifteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord and forty-three.

WILLOUGHBY SHORTLAND, The Officer Administration the Government. By His Recellency's Command, (For the Colonial Secretary), WILLIAM CONNELL.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Colonial Secretary's Office, Auckland, 14th August, 1843.

Its Excellency the Officer Administering the Government has been pleased to direct that the subjoined correspondence between the Gentlemen forming a deputation from the settlers at Nelson, and this Government, relative to the late melancholy affray at Wairau, Cloudy Bay, be published for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,
(For the Colonial Secretary,)
WILLIAM CONNELL.

Auckland, 7th August, 1843.

SIR-

In accordance with your Excellency's permission as intimated in the interview which we had with you on Saturday last, we now submit to you in writing a statement of the reasons of our being deputed by our fellow settlers at Nelson to proceed to Auckland, and of the subjects upon which it would be highly satisfactory to them to receive an assurance of the views and intentions of Government.

The first object of our mission was, to carry to the capital, without loss of time, the depositions taken by the Magistrates at Nelson, and other documents connected with the deplorable calamity which had befallen that settlement; and though it may appear that a long period of time has elapsed between the occurrence of the disaster, and the transmission of the documents connected with it to Auckland, still when it is considered that ten days elapsed before any account of it at all reached Nelson, that it was then at least a fortnight before several of the witnesses who had been present in the affray arrived, some by sea, and others over land, that there has been no opportunity of communication with the capital during that time, and that it ultimately was necessary to charter a vessel to convey us to Manukau, we trust your Excellency will acquit the settlement of negligence, or of losing time in forwarding to the seat of Government what authentic documents they were able to collect upon a subject of such vital interest and importance to the Colony.

At the same time that we presented these documents to your Excellency, it was the wish of those who deputed us that we should represent the general opinion of the settlement upon the occurrence, and the light in which it is there viewed.

The depositions which your Excellency has received, certainly lay before you the marked facts of the case, and constitute the basis of the opinion which you will form as to the right or the wrong of what has been done, but your Excellency must be at the same time aware that the most simple facts often admit of varying shades of interpretation, and that in no case can a just conclusion be arrived at until motives as well as actions are thoroughly understood.

We have no hesitation then in stating that it is the general opinion of the settlers at Nelson, that our countrymen who were killed at the Wairau plain, lost their lives in endeavouring

to discharge their duty as Magistrates and British subjects, obedient of British law, and that the persons by whom they were killed are murderers in the eyes of common sense and justice.

It is not our intention, after the interview with which your Excellency honored us on Saturday, again to argue the case, but we may be allowed in a few words to recapitulate the main points upon which that opinion is founded at Nelson; they are briefly as follow:

In the first place, that the Aborigines of New Zealand are British subjects and under British

In the second place, that they had burnt down a house, built by a servant of the New Zealand Company, upon land which it claims to have purchased, and which claim has not yet been proved to be invalid.

In the third place, that a warrant having been issued for the apprehension of the perpetrators of this outrage, its execution was resisted by a large body of the Aborigines, with arms in their hands; and that upon the unfortunate discharge of a gun, by accident, on the side of our countrymen, (no orders to fire having been given), they fired upon those who were endeavouring to put the law in execution, and shot several of them.

In the fourth place, that the majority of our countrymen having fied, those who remained laid down what arms they had and surrendered themselves prisoners, and that after a lapse of some time, unresisting, and without the power of resistance, they were savagely and deliberately massacred.

As to the motives which induced our late lamented Police Magistrate to issue the warrant, we conscientiously believe them to have been none other than those of duty.

As to the imputed charge of rashness and want of deliberation, which we have heard advanced, we may observe, that the Police Magistrate had the advice of three other Magistrates, and their unanimous concurrence; and we may further mention, that the question was one which had not then for the first time presented itself; it had months before been exam-Upon the occasion ined and deliberated apon. of a similar outrage having been perpetrated by Rangihaiata, at Port Nicholson, and a warrant for his apprehension having been refused, Mr. Thompson, in conversation with one of us, expressed his opinion that such conduct was calculated to weaken the influence of British law upon the native mind, and to lead to the belief of impunity in the commission of still further outrages.

And we cannot but observe now, that had that former offence of his been dealt with in a decided manner, as in law and justice we conceive it should have been, this deadful calamity might never have occurred, by which so much life has been lost, so many men of the highest moral and intellectual rank have miserably perished, the relations between the two races been rendered, to say the least of it, precarious, and the civilization of New Zealand undoubtedly thrown back.

In stating what we have done above, we are

aware that we shall be met by the argument that it is not for us to prejudge the case, or to decide upon the legality of what has passed, or to determine the offence of which any one has been guilty; such questions belonging to the courts of law, and for their consideration alone. But your Excellency will allow us to suggest, that there are cases of such a nature, and evidence often of such a kind, that the public mind comes at once to a decision, without waiting for the more formal conclusions of the while every one would most heartily deprecate any active step taken upon such a decision, and be contented that law and justice should take their course, still we should be imperfectly fulfilling the mission with which we are entrusted, did we not make known to your Excellency the light in which the conduct of the aborigines, on this occasion, is viewed by the settlers of Nelson, who feel that the enormity of their crime is so distinct that the vengeance of the law should certainly overtake them, and confidently expect that they will be brought before its tribunal as soon as a sufficient force shall be collected to render its mandates irresistible.

The settlers of Nelson look forward with great anxiety to the steps which the local Government shall adopt. They have observed with indignation an attempt on the part of the Government representative at Port Nicholson to screen the Aborigines, at the same time that he threw blame upon the British, by a public statement at variance with the facts of the case, and directly opposed to the evidence of one of our more statement at the same time that he threw blame upon the British, by a public statement at variance with the facts of the case, and directly opposed to the evidence of one of our more statement was made.

We hope, however, to be enabled to convey to them, on the part of your Excellency, an assurance that the case shall not be prejudged, that impartial justice shall be done, and that the penalties of the law shall certainly overtake those whom its verdicts shall pronounce to be guilty.

Another object of our deputation is, to represent to your Excellency the unprotected state of our settlement; but we are spared the necessity of embrging upon this point by the promptitude with which your Excellency has dispatched the half of the troops at your disposal, to Cook's Straits. We trust, however, that considering how much the settlers of Nelson are dispersed, some in the Waimea, others at the the Motuaka, others again in Massacre Bay, engaged in agricultural pursuits and otherwise, Major Richmond will consider it expedient to atation a certain partien of the force under his direction.

We have but one other subject to bring before the notice of your Excellency;—several of the constables who lost their lives at the Wairau, have left behind them wives and children now utterly destitute—these men were acting under the orders of the Police Magistrate, and of course in no wise responsible. It is confidently trusted that the Government will—make some

provision for the widows and children of those who lost their lives in its service.

We have the honor to remain, Your Excellency's

Obedient humble servants,

(Signed)

D. MONRO, J. P. ALFRED DOMETT.

To His Excellency the
Officer Administering the Government.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Auckland, 9th August, 1843.

GENTLEMEN.

I am directed by the Officer administering the Government, to acknowledge the receipt of your statement, dated the 7th instant, of the reasons of your being deputed by your fellow settlers at Nelson to proceed to Auckland, of their opinions upon the Ismentable occurrence at Wairau, the light in which it is viewed by them, and of the subjects upon which it would be satisfactory to them to receive an assurance of the views and intentions of Government relative to the deplorable calamity which has befallen that settlement.

His Excellency received with deep concern the intelligence of an outrage not only attended by a fearful loss of human life, but calculated to impair the confidence which has hitherto subsisted between the two races, and indirectly to retard the prosperity of the Colony. For the irreparable loss the settlers of Nelson have sustained, in so many, so highly and so justly valued lives, His Excellence desires to them his deep and heartest sympathy.

For the recent bloodshed, I am to obsert a an awful responsibility has been incurred; what is the degree of criminality of those concerned in the fatal conflict, and on whom that criminality chiefly rests, are questions on which no opinion can be expressed, as the transaction may become the subject of judicial enquiry—but whatever may be the crime, and who may be the criminals, it is but too clear that the event, we must all deplore, has arisen from several parties of surveyors, without the knowledge or concurrence of the Local Government, proceeding to take possession of and to survey a tract of land, in opposition to the original native owners, who have uniformly denied the sale of it.

With a view to prevent the recurrence of such an evil, and that no reason may be given to the New Zealanders to doubt the good faith of Her Majesty's solemn assurance that their territorial rights as owners of the soil should be recognized and respected, His Excellency has caused a proclamation to be issued warning all persons claiming land in that Colombia warning all persons claim is denied or disputed by the original native owners, from exercising acts of ownership on, or otherwise prejudicing the question of title to the same, until the question of ownership shall have been heard and determined by one of Her Majesty's Commissioners appointed to investigate claims to land in this Colony.

For the information of the settlers at Nelson, I am desired to state, that one of Her Majesty's Commissioners had appointed the end of June, last to investigate claims to land in the valley of the Wairau, and, but for the recent fatal collision all claims in that district would in all probability at this moment have been disposed of.

His Excellency would avail himself of the present occasion to remind the settlers of Nelson, and the colonists generally, of the principles upon which the British Government undertook the colonization of this country. That the Queen, in common with Her Majesty's predecessor, disclaimed for herself, and her subjects, every pretension to seize upon the islands of New Zealand .- That by the Treaty of Waitangi Her Majesty has guaranteed to the chiefs and tribes of New Zealand the full, exclusive, and undisturbed possession of their lands; and that in the Royal Instructions under the sign manual, Her Majesty has distinctly established the general principle that the territorial rights of the natives as owners of the soil must be recognized and respected.

With reference to the statement contained in your communication, that the natives "had burnt down a house built by a servant of the New Zealand Company, upon land which it claims to have purchased, and which claim has not get been proved to be invalid," I'am directed by His Excellency to say, that he feels himself called apon to remind you that with regard to all lands in the Colony acquired under any other title than that of Grants made in the name, and on behalf of, Her Majesty, Her Majesty's Government have determined "that the title of the claimants should be subjected to the investigation of a Commissioner to be appointed for that purpose;" that by virtue of the provisions of the Land Claims' Ordinance, a'l lands which have been validly sold by the aboriginal natives are vested in Her Majesty as demesne lands of the Crown; and that with reference to the claims of the New Zealand Company to laud in this Colony, by the terms of an agreement entered into between the Company and Her Majesty's Government, they are to have assigned to them, subject to the investigation of the Commissioner, in consideration of past expenditure, land in blocks of a prescribed size and figure, to be selected by them, under the sanction of the Local Government; and that they forego and disclaim all title, or pretence of title, to any lands purchased or acquired by them in New Zealand, other than the lands so to be granted to them.

His Excellency deems it proper now to inform you, that the New Zealand Company has not selected any block of land in the valley of the Water mer has the Local Covernment yet received any intimation that it is the intention of the Company to select a block in that district.

A detachment of the 96th regiment has been despatched to Port Nicholson, and placed at the disposal of Major Richmond, to be employed by him in maintaining peace in the Southern District, His Excellency has, however, great satisfaction in being able to assure the Settlers in the South, that he sees no ground | Lot No. 11, of Section No. 13.

to apprehend any unprevoked aggression from the native population.

In conclusion, I am instructed to say, that no time has been lost in supplying the vacancies in the several important Public Offices, occasioned by the late deplorable catastrophe; and the Settlers of Nelson may confidently rely on all means in the power of the Local Government being used to promote the advancement of that settlement. It will scarcely be necessary for His Excellency to give the assurance you require, "that the case shall not be prejudged, that impartial justice shall be done, and that the penalties of the law shall certainly overtake those wnom its verdiet shall propounce to be guilty."

> I have the honor to be, GENTLEMEN.

Your most obedient Servant, (For the Colonial Secretary), 1 WILLIAM CONNELL.

DAVID MONRO, Esq., J. P., ALFRED DOMETT, Esq.,

Wood's Hotel, Auckland.

CROWN GRANTS.

Coloniul Secretary's Office, Auckland, 15th August, 1848.

HE undermentioned Deeds of Grant are now lying ready for delivery to the grantees, on application to this Office, on or after Monday, the 21st instant, and on presentation of the Colonial Treasurer's receipt.

In cases where it is impossible for the grantee to attend in person to receive his Deed, it will be delivered to the bearer of an authority according to the subjoined form, certified by a Magistrate, or by a Solicitor of the Supreme Court.

The days for delivery of the Deeds, will be Monday and Tuesday in every week.

Form of Authority above referred to:

I hereby authorize A. B. of to receive the Deed [for the Town, Suburban, or Country, as the case may be,] Allotment No. Section No. , purin the District of chased by me at the Government Sale of the 184 , for which he will day of produce the receipt of the Colonial Treasurer.

(Signature of Grantes.)

Witness, Signature of a Magistrate or of a Solicitor of the Supreme Court.

at this Office, ready for delivery.

TOWN OF AUCKLAND.

189. ELIZA ANN Houson, one sood and fire perches. Let No. 1, of Section No. 13.

190. ELIZA ANN HOBSON, thirty-flow perches. Lot No. 2, of Section No. 13.

191. ALEXANDER BLACK, thirty-six perches.

DISTRICT OF TAMAKI.

74. JOSEPH HARGREAVES, eighty-three acres, two roods, and fifteen perches. Country Lot No. 4.

75. Captain James Stone, seventy-six acres. Country Lot No. 13.

76. WILLIAM BOLLAND, ninety-nine acres, two roods, and fifteen perches. Country Lot No. 8.

-77. WILLIAM BOLLAND, one hundred and fifty-eight acres. Country Lot No. 30.

DISTRICT OF MANUKAU.

91. CHARLES HUNTER McIntosh, twenty acres. Suburban Farm, Lot No. 107.

92. George Nicol, twenty acres. Suburban Farm, Lot No. 193.

SUBURBS OF AUCKLAND.

93. George Augustus Bennett, twenty acres. Suburban Farm, Lot No. 96.

94. George Graham, twenty acres. Suburban Farm, Lot No. 97.

95. GEORGE AUGUSTUS BENNETT, nineteen acres, one rood, and six perches. Suburban Farm, Lot No. 121.

96. George Nicol, twenty seres. Suburban Farm. Lot No. 144.

97. George Augustus Bennett, five acres, one rood, and thirty-five perches. Suburban Lot No. 7, of Section No. 3.

98. RICHARD FIELD PORTER, one acre, one rood, and thirty-four perches. Suburban Lot No. 16, of Section No. 3.

99. JEREMIAH NAGLE, one acre, one rood, and fourteen perches. Suburban Lot No. 18, of Section No. 3,

100. John Collingwood Halls, two acres, two roods, and twenty-six perches. Suburban Lot, No. 28, of Section No. 3.

101. ROBERT PAUL, two acres, one rood, and three perches. Subm.ban Lot No. 29, of Section No. 3,

102. ELIZA ANN HOBSON, five acres, three roods, and twenty-five perches. Suburban Lot No. 1, of Section No. 5.

By His Excellency's command,
(For the Colonial Secretary,)
WILLIAM CONNELL.

General Pert Office, Auckland, 4th August, 1843.

IST of Unclaimed LETTERS lying in the General Post Office:

Abbs, Charles
Adcock, William
Appleby, Mr.
Anderson, James
Anderson,

Anderson, Captain Arrowsmith, H. G. Ashwell, Thomas Baker, G. A. (2) Baker, George Beeks, Francis (3) Bennett, Lieut. Beaumont, Robert Brander, John Bray, Thomas Brown, Richard Brown, Mr. Brown and Campbell Browne, David (5) Campbell, James Church, William Chambers, Osborne Clarke, Henrietta Combes. Mr. Cook, Mr. A Coleman, William Dalziel, Mr. A. Dalziel & Co., Messrs. Davis, William D wis, Mr. Dowstand, Henry Eastwood, Mr. James Finnis, Mr. S. Fitz Dhu, Esq. George, E. T. Gordon, William Graves, Woodcock John Greenshaw, Messrs. Hamlin, Mr. J. Hardington, Henry Haswell, J. P. Hammack, Fred. G. Halls, John (3) Harrington, Mr. Holman, Mrs. Emma Hays, George Hanna, John Heath, George Henderson, John Herbert, Henry Houston, William Hobson, Jesse Hudgell, Joseph Hunter, Mrs. Hughes, Thomas Hughes, William Hyatt, William Jamieson, James Jamieson, Mr. (2) Johnson, Frank Jones, William Johnson, Robert Keir. Adam Kearney, Thomas Kidney, Mr. Knight, Mr. F. Knight, Mr. Laurence, George Lambert, F. H. Laurie, John Larremore, H. Lewis, Mr. (2) Luscombe, Jas. Hawker Lynch, Mary McVay, John Matthews, J. W. Marshall, Charles (2)

Maund, Richard Mason and Paton Mason, Mrs. McCullock, Thomas(2) McClean, Alexander McDonald, William McKenna, Charles McGray, William McNish, D. McDonald, H. McWhie Thomas (2) McPherson, James McKenney, John Mercer, Samuel Morgan, Mr. Morgan, G.T. (surgeon) Monk, Mrs. Moubray A. (2) Mullins, William Muruin, M. E. (5) Murray, J. A. Muir, A. C. Nash, Edward Newman, Peter Newcombe, Thomas Offord, William Henry O'Mullen, Bernard O'Neil, William Overend, Richard (3) Page, Henry Packard, Lucius Platt, W. Powser, R. H. Puckey, W. G. Pearse, P. Raiph, Thomas Read, John Richards, Capt. Riddel, Robert Roberts, William Roberts, John Sanderson, J. W. Saffery, Edmund Shipton, W. P. Sims, Mrs. (2) Smith, J. H. B. Smithy, J. W. Smith, Capt. Stapford, Mr. R. Stachan, James Spencer, Robert Sutherland, Donald Sutton, Robert H. Thompson, George Thomas, William Tomlinson, Richard Tuile, William Turner, Wm. (Waipa) Watson, William (4) Waddy, Richard Watt, William (2) White, Mr. (surveyor) White, Mr. D. Williams, Mr. for Mr. Edwards. Wight, William Woods, Samuel

SAILORS' LETTERS.
Howling, Christopher (2), New Zealand.
Mackintosh, James (2), New Zealand.
Shade, Mr., Sir John Franklin.
Mathews, Mr., Thomas Sparks.
Taylor, Humprey, Tuscan.
Pitie, Captain, George Fyfe.
Harding, Captain, Will Watch.
Clift, Enoch, Seaman.
Doughar, Mr., Indus.

Letters detained for non-payment of Sea Postage.

Received from Wellington and Nelson.

Mr. R. Sheriff,

6, Duke-street, Lisson-grove, London.

Mr. T. B. Hue,

2, Point-street, Belgrave-sq., London.

Mr. Deacon,

Finsbury-pavement, London.

Bridget Kennedy, Post-office, Sydney.

Post-onice, Sydney.

Mrs. Sams,

Launceston, Van Diemen's Land.

Mrs. Oldham, Launceston, Van Diemen's Land.

Mrs. Bradshaw, Buckingham-place, London.

Miss E. Burgh, Tavistock-place, London.

Mr. T. B. Long, 48, Little Britain, London.

W. H. Saunders, Esq.,
Grenville-place, Cork, Ireland.

George Brown, Esq., St. Rollix, Glasgow.

Matthew Lang, Bent-street, Sydney.

Robert Bush, Esq., Dumbarton, Scotland.

Stewart Turnbill, Esq., Dumbarton, Scotland.

AUCKLAND.

Monsieur De Marsigny, Rue St. Marthe 13, a Cowes.

Dep. Indie L. Louise.

Miss Farmer,

Lady Farmer's,

Newgate-street, Chester, England.

WILLIAM CONNELL, Postmaster-General.

SUPREME COURT.

OTICE is hereby given that a sitting of the Supreme Court for the despatch of Civil Business, will be holden at the Court House, Auckland, on Friday, the first day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that a sitting for the despatch of Criminal business, will be holden at the Court House, on Thursday the seventh day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place, all persons under recognizances to appear either as prosecutors, defendants, or witnesses, are required to give their attendance.

THOMAS OUTHWAITE,

Registrar:

Auckland, August 3d, 1843.

NOTICE.—TRANSFER OF LICENSES.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Justices for the Town and District of Auckland, will be holden on Tuesday, the 5th day of September next, at the Police Office, Auckland, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving applications for the transfer of Publican's Licenses.

FREDERICK MARSHALL,
Acting Clerk to the Magistrates.

Police Office, Auckland, 29th July, 1843.

OTICE is hereby given, that Mr. David Nathan, of Auckland, has sold the shares held by him in the New Zealand Banking Company, and ceased from the 7th August, 1843, to have any interest in the said Company.

7th August, 1843.

OTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned having disposed of his shares in the New Zealand Banking Company, is no longer a member of the same.

E. CAFLER.

Kororareka, 3d July, 1843.

Auckland-Printed and Published at the Government Press, a the second

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Fig. 78 (1) State of the control of